

- Plan
1. Weighted colimits in unenriched case } (Chapter 7)
 2. Enriched WC
 3. Weighted colimits as left Quillen functors (Chapter 11)
 4. Reedy model structures (Chapter 14)

See Emily Riehl "Categorical Homotopy Theory" and Gambino '10 work

Def. $F: \mathcal{E} \rightarrow M$, $\mathcal{W}: \mathcal{E}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Set-Weight}$

$\text{colim}^{\mathcal{W}} F$ is defined by isomorphism

$$M(\text{colim}^{\mathcal{W}} F, m) \cong \text{Set}^{\mathcal{E}^{\text{op}}}(\mathcal{W}, M(F-, m))$$

If M is cocomplete

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Set}^{\mathcal{E}^{\text{op}}}(\mathcal{W}, M(F-, m)) &\stackrel{L'}{\cong} \int_{C \in \mathcal{E}} \text{Set}(\mathcal{W}_C, M(F_C, m)) \cong \\ &\cong \int_{C \in \mathcal{E}} M(\mathcal{W}_C \cdot F_C, m) = M\left(\int_{C \in \mathcal{E}} \mathcal{W}_C \cdot F_C, m\right) \\ &\Rightarrow \boxed{\int_{C \in \mathcal{E}} \mathcal{W}_C \cdot F_C \cong \text{colim}^{\mathcal{W}} F} \end{aligned}$$

Example. $\text{colim}^* F = \int *(\mathbf{c}) \cdot F_C = \text{colim}_{\mathcal{E}} F$ marked cendl

Example. $\text{colim}^{\mathcal{E}(-, c)} F \cong \int_{x \in \mathcal{E}} \mathcal{E}(x, c) \cdot F_C \cong F_C$

$\text{colim}^{\mathcal{E}(-, =)} F \cong F_{c \in \mathcal{E}}$

Example. $\text{Lan}_K F \cong \int \mathcal{D}(K_C, d) \cdot F_C \cong \text{colim}^{\mathcal{D}(K, d)} F$ $\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{E} & \xrightarrow{F} & M \\ K \downarrow & \nearrow \mathcal{D} & \\ \text{Lan}_K F & & \end{array}$

$$\mathcal{W} \Rightarrow * \rightsquigarrow \text{colim}^* F \leftarrow \text{colim}^{\mathcal{W}} F - \begin{matrix} \text{comparison} \\ \text{map} \end{matrix}$$

||

$\text{colim } F$

$$\text{colim}^{\mathcal{W}} F = \text{coeq} \left[\bigsqcup_{c \rightarrow c' \in \mathcal{B}_1} \mathcal{W}_{c'} \cdot F_{c'} \Rightarrow \bigsqcup_{c \in \mathcal{B}_0} \mathcal{W}_c \cdot F_c \right]$$

Weighted colimits in enriched case

Def. $F: \underline{\mathcal{D}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathcal{M}}$, $\mathcal{W}: \underline{\mathcal{D}}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathcal{V}}$ — \mathcal{V} -functors
 \mathcal{V} is monoidal cat

$$\underline{\mathcal{M}}(\text{colim}^{\mathcal{W}} F, m) \cong \underline{\mathcal{V}}^{\underline{\mathcal{D}}^{\text{op}}}(\mathcal{W}, \underline{\mathcal{M}}(F-, m))$$

Example. $\mathbb{1} = \left\{ \begin{smallmatrix} ? & * \\ \bullet & \end{smallmatrix} \right\}$

\mathcal{V} -functor $\mathbb{1} \rightarrow \underline{\mathcal{M}}$ is an object of $\underline{\mathcal{M}}$

$$\underline{\mathcal{V}}^{\mathbb{1}} \cong \underline{\mathcal{V}}$$

$$n: \mathbb{1} \rightarrow \underline{\mathcal{M}}, \underbrace{\mathcal{V}: \mathbb{1} \rightarrow \underline{\mathcal{V}}}_{\text{weight}}$$

$$\underline{\mathcal{M}}(m, \lim^{\mathcal{V}} n) \cong \underline{\mathcal{V}}(\mathcal{V}, \underline{\mathcal{M}}(m, n))$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim^{\mathcal{V}} n = \{\mathcal{V}, n\} = n^{\mathcal{V}}$$

$$\text{colim}^{\mathcal{V}} m = \mathcal{V} \otimes m$$

End in unenriched case

$$\int_{\mathcal{D}} M(F_d, G_d) \cong$$

$$\cong_{eq} \left[\prod_d M(F_d, G_d) \xrightarrow{\gamma} \prod_{d,d' \in \mathcal{D}(d,d')} M(F_d, G_d') \right]$$

End in enriched case

We should replace

$$\prod_{d,d'} M(F_d, G_d') \text{ by } M(F_d, G_d')$$

$$\int_{\mathcal{D}} M(F_d, G_d) \cong$$

$$\cong_{eq} \left[\prod_d M(F_d, G_d) \xrightarrow{\gamma} \prod_{d,d'} M(F_d, G_d') \right]$$

Theorem (\mathcal{V} -Yoneda lemma)

$$F: \underline{\mathcal{D}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathcal{V}}, d \in \mathcal{D}$$

$$F_d \xrightarrow{\cong} \underline{\mathcal{V}}^{\mathcal{D}}(\mathcal{D}(d, -), F)$$

Example. (Enriched \mathcal{V} -cat in \mathcal{V}) \mathcal{V} -closed mon. cat

$$W, F: \underline{\mathcal{D}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathcal{V}}$$

$$\lim W_F \cong \underline{\mathcal{V}}(\ast, \lim W_F) \cong \underline{\mathcal{V}}^{\mathcal{D}}(W, \underline{\mathcal{V}}(\ast, F)) \cong$$

unit in \mathcal{V}

$$\cong \underline{\mathcal{V}}^{\mathcal{D}}(W, F)$$

So, $\lim W_F$ is the object of \mathcal{V} -nat. transf. $W \Rightarrow F$

From this example we conclude

$$\underline{M}(m, \lim^W F) \cong \underline{\mathcal{V}}^{\underline{\mathcal{D}}}(\underline{W}, \underbrace{\underline{M}(m, F_-)}_{\begin{array}{c} \mathcal{D} \\ \downarrow \\ \mathcal{V} \end{array}}) \cong \lim^W M(m, F_-)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{D} & & \mathcal{D} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \mathcal{V} & & \mathcal{V} \end{array}$$

Theorem. When \underline{M} is tens. and

Catent., $F: \underline{\mathcal{D}} \rightarrow \underline{M}$, $W: \underline{\mathcal{D}}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathcal{V}}$

$$\text{colim}^W F \cong W \otimes F, \quad \lim^W F \cong \{W, F\}^{\underline{\mathcal{D}}}$$

Weighted colimits as left Quillen bifunctors

Theorem (Gambino '10). Let M be a simpl. mod cat. Suppose that the cat of weights $\text{sSet}^{\mathcal{D}^{\text{op}}}$ is equipped with the $\underline{\text{inj}}$ mod structure and the cat of diagrams $M^{\underline{\mathcal{D}}}$ is equipped with the $\underline{\text{proj}}$ mod structure. Then the functor

$$-\otimes-: \text{sSet}^{\mathcal{D}^{\text{op}}} \times M^{\underline{\mathcal{D}}} \xrightarrow{\text{Inj Proj Proj Inj}} M$$

is a left Quillen functor in 2 variables

[$\Phi: \mathcal{E} \times \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}$ is said to be a left Quillen bifunctor in 2 variables if

- Φ is covariant in each variable
- If $f: \text{Cofib}, g: \text{Cofib} \Rightarrow f \otimes g : \text{Cofib}$

Proof. The following conditions are equiv.

(i) $\oplus: \text{sSet}_{\text{Inj}}^{\mathcal{D}^{\text{op}}} \times M_{\text{Proj}}^{\mathcal{D}} \rightarrow M$ is a left Quillen bifunctor

(ii) $\odot: (\mathcal{M}^{\mathcal{D}})^{\text{op}}_{\text{Proj}} \times M \rightarrow \text{sSet}_{\text{Inj}}^{\mathcal{D}^{\text{op}}}$ is a right

(iii) $\Psi: (\text{sSet}_{\text{Inj}}^{\mathcal{D}^{\text{op}}})^{\text{op}} \times M \rightarrow M_{\text{Proj}}^{\mathcal{D}}$ is a right

Ψ is defined pointwise by $\{-, -\}: \text{sSet}^{\text{op}} \times M \rightarrow M$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} f: m_1 \rightarrow m_2 & \xrightarrow{[f, g]} & M(m_2, n_1) \rightarrow \\ g: n_1 \rightarrow n_2 & & \downarrow \end{array}$$

□

Corollary. Let M be a simpl. mod cat,
 \mathcal{D} be a small cat. If M is cofibr. generated
then the proj cofib. replacement defines a left
deformation for colim: $M^{\mathcal{D}} \rightarrow M$
 \Rightarrow hocolim can be computed as the colimit of any
proj. cofibr. repl.

▷ $* \otimes_{\mathcal{D}} -: \text{sSet}_{\text{Inj}}^{\mathcal{D}^{\text{op}}} \times M_{\text{Proj}}^{\mathcal{D}} \rightarrow M$

□

Lemma. Let $A \rightarrow B$ be any cofib in a model cat M

Then the induced map

$$\mathcal{D}(d, -) \cdot A \longrightarrow \mathcal{D}(d, -) \cdot B$$

is proj. cofibration in $M^{\mathcal{D}}$

$$\mathcal{D}(d, -) \cdot A \cong \bigsqcup_{\mathcal{D}(d, -)} A$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{D}(d, -) \cdot A & \longrightarrow & F \\ \downarrow & \nearrow & \downarrow \\ \mathcal{D}(d, -) \cdot B & \longrightarrow & G \end{array} \rightsquigarrow \begin{array}{ccc} A & \xrightarrow{\quad} & F_d \\ \downarrow & \nearrow & \downarrow \\ B & \xrightarrow{\quad} & G_d \end{array}$$

$\mathcal{D}(d, -) \dashv$ ev by Yoneda Lemma

□

Corollary. Any retract of a transitive composite
of pushouts of coproducts of the maps of the
lemma above is a proj. cofibr.

Example. $\square \mathcal{D} = (b \xleftarrow{f} a \xrightarrow{g} c)$

$\square F : \mathcal{D} \rightarrow M$ is cofibr. gener. mod. cat

Use the (Inj., Proj.) - model structure

$\square Fa$ is cofibr., Ff, Fg are cofibr. $\Rightarrow F$ is proj. cofibr.

$$\text{hocolim } F \cong \text{colim} (Fb \xleftarrow{Ff} Fa \xrightarrow{Fg}Fc)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \emptyset \rightarrow F & (\mathcal{D}(b, -) \cdot Fa, \mathcal{D}(a, -) \cdot Fa) \cong (\mathcal{D}(b, -), (Fa, \mathcal{D}(a, -) \cdot Fa)) \cong \\
 & \mathcal{D}(a, -) \cdot Fa \xrightarrow{\text{id}} id_{Fa} \\
 \mathcal{D}(b, a) \cdot Fa \xrightarrow{u} \mathcal{D}(a, -) \cdot Fa & \downarrow \text{Cofib} & \cong (Fa, \mathcal{D}(a, b) \cdot Fa) \Rightarrow id_{Fa} \\
 \mathcal{D}(b, -) \cdot F(b) \xrightarrow{\Gamma} F' & \xleftarrow{\vee} & \mathcal{D}(c, -) \cdot Fa \\
 & \downarrow & \downarrow \\
 & F & \mathcal{D}(c, -) \cdot Fc
 \end{array}$$

$$\text{coeq} \left(\bigsqcup_{d_1 \rightarrow d_2} \mathcal{D}(d_1, -) \cdot Fd_2 \rightarrow \bigsqcup_{d \in D} \mathcal{D}(d, -) \cdot Fd \right) \cong F$$

$$\underbrace{\emptyset \rightarrow F}_{\text{cofib}} \cong \dots \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \dots$$

Example (mapping telescope)

$$\omega = 0 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow \dots \quad F = X_0 \rightarrow X_1 \rightarrow X_2 \rightarrow \dots$$

$$F : \omega \rightarrow M$$

$$\tilde{X}_0 \xrightarrow{\sim} \tilde{X}_1 \xrightarrow{\sim} \tilde{X}_2 \xrightarrow{\sim} \dots$$

$$\underline{\text{Step 0:}} \quad q_0 : Q_0 \xrightarrow{\sim} X_0$$

$$G^0 = \omega(0, -) \cdot Q_0$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 G_0 & & Q_0 = Q_0 = Q_0 = & & \\
 \Downarrow & & q_0 \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\
 F & & X_0 \xrightarrow{f_{01}} X_1 \rightarrow X_2 \rightarrow \dots & &
 \end{array}$$

Step 1: $f_{01} q_0$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} Q_0 & \xrightarrow{g_{01}} & Q_1 \\ q_0 \downarrow 2 & & q_1 \downarrow 2 \\ X_0 & \xrightarrow{f_{01}} & X_1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \omega(1, -) \cdot Q_0 & \longrightarrow & \omega(0, -) \cdot Q_0 = G^0 \\ g_{01} \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \omega(1, -) \cdot Q_1 & \longrightarrow & G^1 \end{array}$$

$$(\omega(1, -) \cdot Q_0, \omega(0, -) \cdot Q_0) \cong (Q_0, \underbrace{\omega(0, 1)}_{\text{is the set with 1 obj}} \cdot Q_0) \supseteq 1_Q$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} Q_0 & \xrightarrow{g_{01}} & Q_1 & = & Q_1 & = & Q_1 = \dots \\ q_0 \downarrow 2 & & q_1 \downarrow 2 & & \downarrow & & \\ X_0 & \xrightarrow{f_{01}} & X_1 & \xrightarrow{f_{12}} & X_2 & \rightarrow & \dots \end{array}$$

Step n: $f_{n-1, n} \cdot q_{n-1}$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} Q_0 & \xrightarrow{g_{01}} & Q_1 & \xrightarrow{g_{12}} & Q_2 & \xrightarrow{g_{23}} & Q_3 \rightarrow \dots \\ q_0 \downarrow 2 & & q_1 \downarrow 2 & & q_2 \downarrow 2 & & q_3 \downarrow 2 \\ X_0 & \longrightarrow & X_1 & \longrightarrow & X_2 & \longrightarrow & X_3 \rightarrow \dots \end{array}$$

G
 $\downarrow \sim$
 F

$$G = \operatorname{colim} G^n$$

$$\emptyset \rightarrow G^0 \rightarrow G^1 \rightarrow G^2 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \operatorname{colim}_n G^n = G$$

Corollary. (from Gammie's th)

$N(-/\mathcal{D})$ is proj. cofibr. replacement for the const. weight in $\operatorname{hocolim}$.

$N(\mathcal{D}/-)$ is inj. fibr. repl. for the const weight in holim

Proof: Consider $(\text{Proj}, \text{Inj})$ -model structure

* $\bigotimes_{\mathcal{D}} F$, $N(-/\mathcal{D})$ is cofib. repl.

F should be pointwise cofibr.

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$$\operatorname{hocolim} FK = \operatorname{colim} N(-/K) F \longrightarrow \operatorname{colim} N(-/\mathcal{D})_F = \\ = \operatorname{hocolim} F$$

$N(-/K)$ is homotopy trivial

$N(-/\mathcal{D})$ is proj. cofib., hom. trivial

So, $N(-/K) \xrightarrow{\sim} N(-/\mathcal{D})$ is WE

We know that $\operatorname{colim}^- F$ sends trivial cofibs to trivial cofib. between cofibr obj.

Hence, by Ken Brown's lemma

$\operatorname{hocolim} FK \xrightarrow{\sim} \operatorname{hocolim} F$ is WE

This gives the other proof of Quillen's Homotopy

Finality Theorem from the prev. talk